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RM-7085-R

B. E. - III (Sem. VI) (ECC) Examination

May / June - 2010

Analog Integrated Circuit

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Instructions :

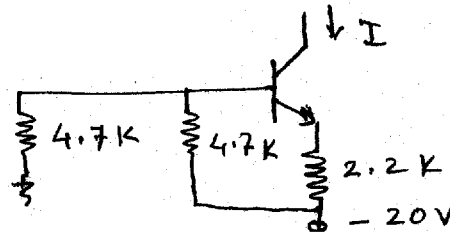
(1)

नीचे दृशावेव निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवही पर अवश्य लखवी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> B. E. - 3 (Sem. 6) (ECC)	<input type="text"/>
Name of the Subject :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Analog Integrated Circuit	<input type="text"/>
Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="7"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="8"/> <input type="text" value="5"/> Section No. (1, 2,.....) : <input type="text" value="1&2"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Student's Signature

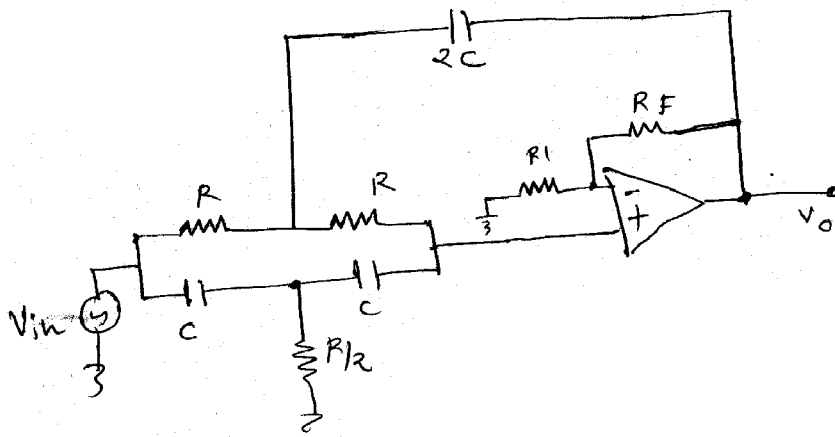
- (2) Attempt all questions.
(3) Assume necessary data if required.
(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- 1 (a) Attempt all questions : 20
- (i) Write the condition required to use 555 times 3
in monostable mode as a frequency divide by N.
Draw i/P and o/P waveform.
- (ii) In second order low pass filter the value of 2
 $R_1 = 2K$ and the $R_F = 10 K$ then what will
be the pass band gain? This data is possible?
- (iii) Find the value of I in given figure. 3



- (iv) The common mode input to a certain differential amplifier, having differential gain of 125 is $(4\sin 200\pi t)\text{V}$. Determine the common mode output if CMRR is 60 dB. 4
- (v) Explain binary weighted DAC and derive the equation for analog output voltage. 6
- (vi) Which type of ADC is used for high speed application? Justify the answer. 3
- 2 Attempt any two :** **16**
- (i) Explain different applications of astable multivibrator using 555 timer.
- (ii) Derive the cutoff frequency for second order high pass filter. Draw frequency response.
- (iii) For a differential amplifier circuit operated from $\pm 10\text{V}$, assume matched pair of transistor with $V_{BE} = 0.7\text{ V}$. The $R_C = 47\text{ K}\Omega$. Calculate R_E so that the $V_{CEQ} = 8.6\text{ V}$ for each transistor. Assume $h_{fe} = 100$.
- 3 Attempt any two :** **14**
- (i) Explain double integrator type ADC with necessary equations and waveforms.
- (ii) Find the application of given circuit and its frequency response with values of frequencies.



- (iii) Draw a circuit diagram of Timer using 555 IC. Calculate the component values if the controlled door should remain open for 15 sec. after a trigger signal is applied. $V_{CC} = 15V$ Take $C = 100 \mu F$.

SECTION - II

4 (a) Attempt the following : 10

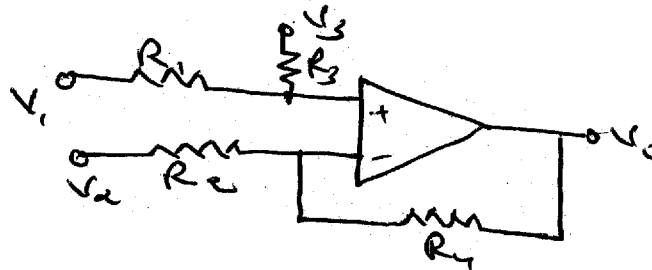
- (i) In the circuit shown in fig (1) show that

$$V_o = a_1 v_1 + a_2 v_2 + a_3 v_3.$$

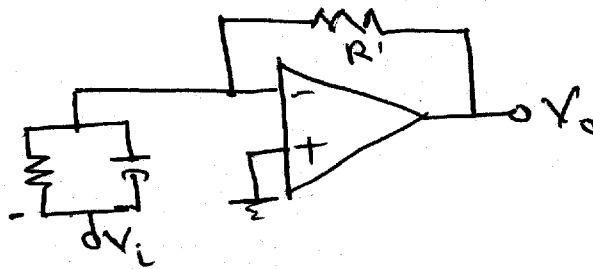
Determine the value of a_1 , a_2 and a_3 and

compute the value of V_o if

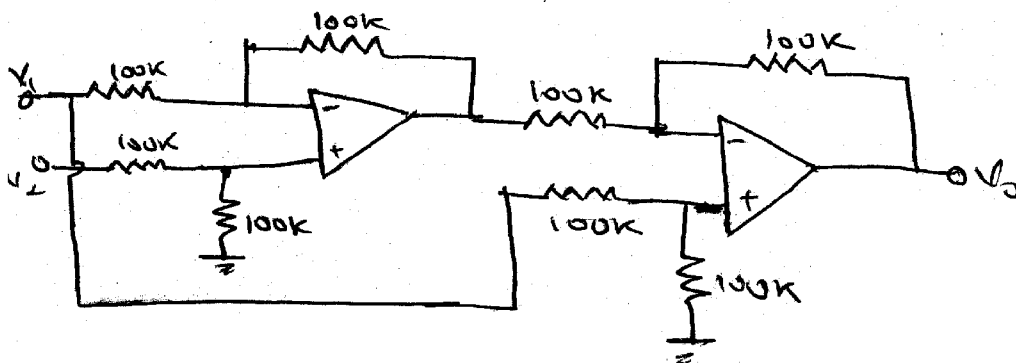
- (a) R_y is S/C (b) R_y is removed (c) R_i is S/C



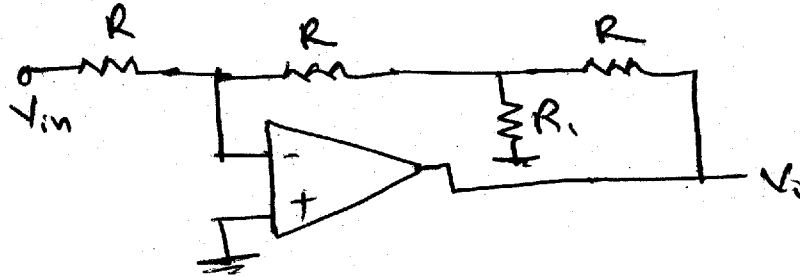
- (ii) Design an inverting amplifier where gain is variable from unity to 100 for DC applications. Suggest some method to convert it into a non-inverting amplifier with the same gain variation.
- (iii) Derive $V_o = -\alpha R'C - \alpha(R'/R)t$ for the circuit shown in figure (2) if $V_i = \alpha t$.



- (iv) Design an op-amp circuit, which gives an output $e_o = \sin t - \cos t$ from the available inputs $e_1 = \sin t$ and $e_2 = \cos t$. Give all the component values and make the reasonable assumptions whenever require.
- (v) Find V_o for the circuit shown in Fig. 3.



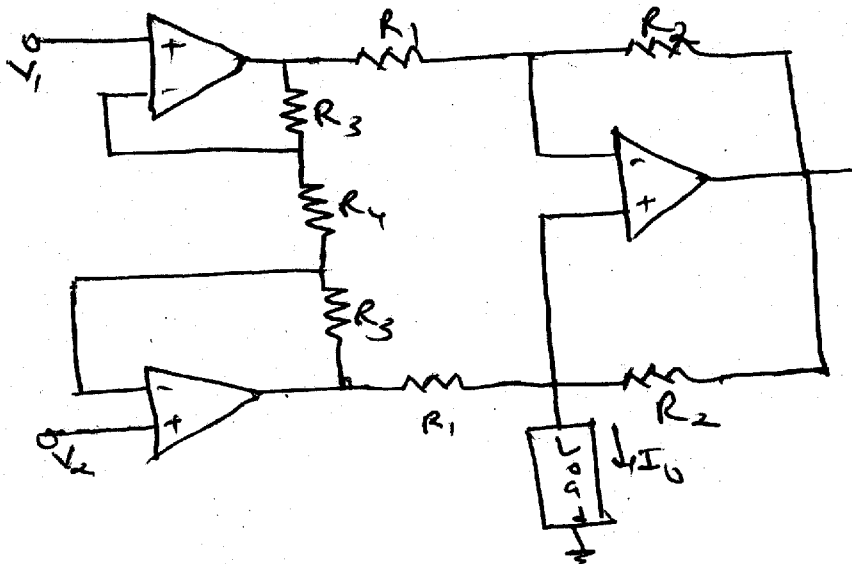
- (b) Design a phase shift oscillator using op-amp and find out frequency of oscillation for the same. 5
- (c) For the circuit shown in figure (4) $R = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$. 5
Find R_1 so that $V_o = -100 V_{in}$.



2 Attempt any two : 16

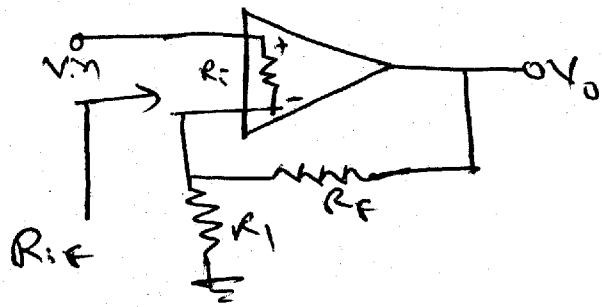
- (i) For the circuit shown in figure (5), prove that $i_L = -2 \frac{V_{in}}{R_1}$,

$$\text{where } \frac{1}{R} = \left(1 + \frac{2R_3}{R_4}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{R_1}$$

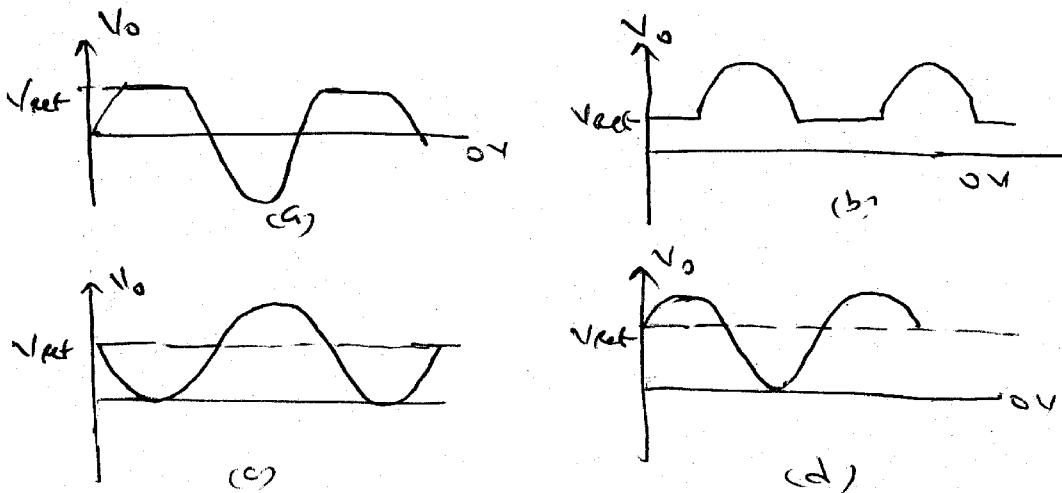


(ii) Show that input impedance for the noninverting

$$\text{amplifier shown in figure (6) is } R_{if} = R_i \left\{ 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_f} A_v \right\}$$



(iii) Design a circuit for the waveforms shown in figure (7) for sinusoidal input.

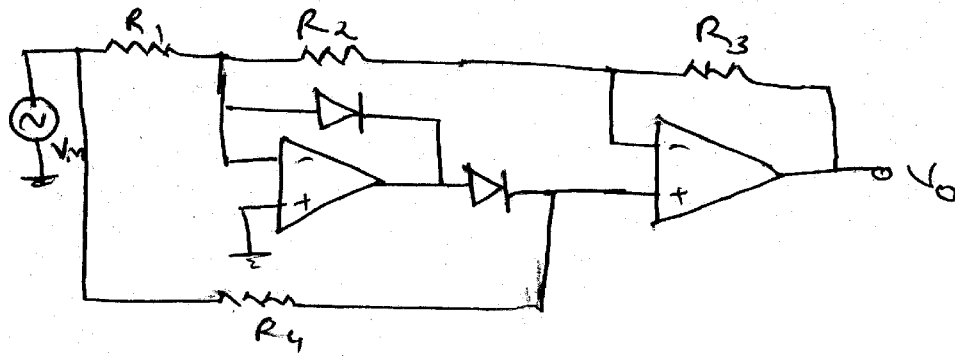


3 Attempt any two :

14

(i) Design a differentiator circuit, which perform the mathematical operation of differentiation. Mention the drawbacks of basic differentiator and give the remedy to overcome the same.

- (ii) Design a circuit of figure (8) in such a manner that output is full wave rectification of sinusoidal input signal.



- (iii) Design a circuit for the monostable multivibrator using op-amp.
